## Efficacy and Effectiveness of Acupuncture in Patients with Chronic Low Back Pain

- The Acupuncture in Routine Care Study (ARC) and the Acupuncture Randomised Trial (ART)

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Objective: we evaluated for acupuncture 1) the effectiveness (in addition to routine medical care) and 2) the efficacy compared to minimal acupuncture and a waiting list control Material and Methods: 1) In ARC patients were randomly allocated to receive up to 15 acupuncture sessions over three months or to a control group receiving no acupuncture. Patients who declined randomization were followed in a prospective observational study. All study participants were allowed to receive additional conventional medical care. 2) In ART patients were randomised to treatment with semi-standardised acupuncture, minimal acupuncture (superficial needling at non acupuncture points) or to waiting list control. Both acupuncture groups received 12 sessions over 8 weeks.

**Results:** 1) Of 11,630 patients (age  $52.9\pm13.7$  years; 59% female), 3093 were randomized. At 3 months, back function improved by  $12.1\pm0.4$  (mean SE) to  $74.5\pm0.4$  points in the acupuncture group and by  $2.7\pm0.4$  to  $65.1\pm0.4$  points among controls (difference 9.4 [95% CI 8.3, 10.5]; p<.001). 2) A total of 298 patients (67.8% female; age 59.9 years) were included. Between baseline and week 8, pain intensity decreased by  $28.7\pm30.3$  mm in the acupuncture group,  $23.6\pm31.0$  mm in the minimal acupuncture group, and  $6.9\pm22.0$  mm in the waiting list group. The difference for the acupuncture vs minimal acupuncture group was 5.1 mm (95% CI -3.7 to 13.9; p = .26), and the difference for the acupuncture vs waiting list group was 21.7 mm (13.9-30.0; p<.001).

**Conclusion:** Acupuncture was superior to waiting list control, but not to minimal acupuncture. Routine medical care plus acupuncture was more effective than routine care alone.

Keywords: Acupuncture, low back pain, randomized controlled trial, efficacy, effectiveness